

Universität Stuttgart

Institut für Kernenergetik und Energiesysteme

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Objective:

The main objective is to optimise the inlet and outlet plenums of the heat exchanger in order to achieve a uniform flow distribution into the channels and to minimise pressure losses, considering the working fluid CO₂ in subcritical and supercritical state.

Background:

Since the accidents in the boiling water reactors in Fukushima Dia-ichi, the removal of decay heat became a main part of the reactor safety research. For this reason, a new concept has been developed over the last years for decay heat removal. This concept is a sCO₂-operated decay heat removal system based on a Brayton cycle.

The sCO₂-4-NPP project, intends to bring this heat removal system closer to the market. The system mainly consists of a heat exchanger at the heat source, a turbo-compressor system and a heat exchanger at the ultimate heat sink (ambient air). Since the system is a self-sufficient thermodynamic cycle that starts automatically with supplied heat the minimisation of pressure drop for each cycle component plays an important role. The company FIVES Cryo developed plate-fin heat exchangers with supercritical CO₂ as a working fluid for the heat sink. To ensure maximum use of the heat transfer surface of the heat exchanger, a uniform flow distribution through the channels is required. By optimising the plenum geometry, the flow distribution in the channels should be improved while minimising pressure drop. Since the CO₂ can occur in both subcritical and supercritical states within the heat exchanger, the simulations should take both states into account.

Approach:

- Familiarisation with plena design and non-uniform flow distribution in heat exchangers.
- Compilation of potential inlet plenum geometries.
- Simulation of the flow in the inlet plenum and analysis of the flow distribution.
- Optimisation of plena designs and comparison.
- Elaboration and presentation of the results.

Immediately

Conditions:

- Ability to work independently and self-motivation.
- Interest in supercritical fluids and numerical simulations .
- Good English reading and writing / good German speaking skills.

Start:

Supervisor:

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The University of Stuttgart would like to increase the proportion of women in the scientific field and is therefore particularly interested in applications from women. Severely disabled persons are given priority in the case of equal suitability.

Distributor fin Brazing sheet Main fin Side bar Side plate

Figure: Plate-fin heat exchanger Source: FIVES Cryo



Design

Masterthesis

improvement of the inlet plenum for a plate-fin heat exchanger to optimise the inflow characteristics of CO₂ close to the critical point